Answers :

Haryana Economy: test

1. a)4,92,656.90 crore

The Department of Economic & Statistical Analysis, Haryana (DESA) prepares the estimates of Gross State Domestic Product (GSDP) of the State. As per the Advance Estimates for the year 2015-16, the GSDP of the State at current prices has been recorded as `4,92,656.90 crore recording the growth of 11.5 percent over the previous year.

2.a) 3,66,584.10 crore

The GSDP at constant (2011-12) prices for 2014-15 has been estimated as 3,66,584.10 crore as against the Provisional Estimates of `3,39,491.35 crore for 2013-14 recording the growth of 8.0 percent.

3. a)7.6 percent

The growth in real Gross State Value Added (GSVA) was recorded as 7.0 percent during the year 2012-13. During 2013-14, the growth in GSVA fell down to 5.5 percent which may be mainly attributed to the low growth (2.8%) recorded in Industry Sector. In spite of negative growth of 0.7 percent recorded in Agriculture & Allied Sector

and low growth (5.9%) recorded in Industry Sector, the growth in GSVA in 2014-15 improved to 7.2 percent because of higher growth (11.5%) recorded in Services Sector.

During 2015-16, in spite of low growth of 1.4 percent recorded in Agriculture & Allied Sector, the GSVA is expected to register the growth of 7.6 percent which is mainly due to the higher growth of 9.6 percent and 8.2 percent expected to be achieved in Services and Industry Sectors, respectively

4. a)**60.7 percent**

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At the beginning year (1969-70) of 4th Five Year Plan, the contribution of Agriculture and Allied Sector (Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing) in the GSDP at constant prices was largest (60.7 percent) followed by Services (21.7 percent) and Industry (17.6 percent) Sectors.

5.a)**51.3 percent**

During the period of 11^{th} Five Year Plan and onwards, the pace of structural

transformation of State economy remained continued. Consequent upon the robust growth recorded in Services Sector in this period, the share of Services Sector in GSVA further strengthened to 51.3 percent in 2015-16 with the decrease in the share of Agriculture &Allied Sector at 18.2 percent . Thus, the composition of GSDP shows that the share of Agriculture & Allied Sector is continuously declining whereas the share of Services Sector is continuously increasing.

6.a) **Rs 608**

7. a) Rs 165204, Rs 132251

The per capita income of the State at current and constant (2011-12) prices during the years 2011-12 to 2015-16 has been presented in **Table . Table - Per Capita Income of Haryana**

Year	Per Capita Income (`)				
	At Current Prices	At Constant (2011-12) Prices			
2011-12(P)	107343	107343			
2012-13(P)	122571	112088			
2013-14(P)	136734	116543			
2014-15(Q)	150260	124092			
2015-16(A)	165204	132251			

8. a)Rs 33,584 crore

9.a) 59,134 crore

10.a)**3.71%**

At current prices 13	3 th rank	Haryana	492656	.90 crore	3.71%
At constant price 8 th Rank		Haryana		3,66,584.	10 crore

11. a)3.14 percent of GSDP

12. a)4.3 per cent

13.a) Rs12280.35 crore

The projected revenue deficit for the fiscal 2016-17 has been put at Rs12280.35 crore while it was projected at Rs9557.52 crore in 2015-16. The fiscal deficit has been put at Rs25115.96 or 2.47 percent of the GSDP while it was projected at 16423.58 crore in the ongoing fiscal year.

14. a) 6.9 percent

Capt Abhimanyu said, "There has been a jump in the state's own taxes as a percentage of the Gross State Domestic Product from 6.3 percent in 2014-15 to 6.9 percent in 2015-16. More impressive is the fact that this ratio has been showing a declining trend from 2011-12 onwards for four years before this turnaround in 2015-16. In 2016-17, we expect this ratio to be around the same level."

15. a)Sarva Haryana Gramin Bank

Regional Rural Banks were established under the provisions of an Ordinance passed on September 1975 and the RRB Act. 1976 to provide sufficient banking and credit facility for agriculture and other rural sectors. These were set up on the recommendations of The M. Narasimham Working Group during the tenure of Indira Gandhi's government with a view to include rural areas into economic mainstream since that time about 70% of the Indian Population

was of Rural Orientation. The development process of RRBs started on 2 October 1975 with the forming of the first RRB, the Prathama Bank with authorised capital of Rs. 5 crore at its starting.

16.a) Sh. Manish Grover

Manish Kumar Grover (born 15 July 1954) is a Bharatiya Janata Party (BJP) politician and a current MLA representing Rohtak constituency in the Haryana Legislative Assembly

17. a)**1966**

This bank was established in 1966. It is a scheduled bank as per RBI norms. It has thirteen branches and two extension counters working in Panchkula and Chandigarh. Its own area is limited but it greatly functions through its affiliated DCCBs and PACSs in the whole state. It borrows from NABARD, State Government etc. It has been advancing loans for various purposes like agriculture, manufacturing, marketing and processing, transport, housing, distribution and stocking etc. It has a staff training college situated at Panchkula.

18.a) **1966**

19. a)15,183.71 crore (61.05%)

The Planning Department formulated the State's Plan Budget 2015-16 at `24,870.87 crore which includes Central Assistance of `5,106.21 crore for Centrally Sponsored Schemes. Social Services have been allocated an outlay of ` 15,183.71 crore (61.05%). Among Social Services, the highest priority has been accorded to the provision of pension for the old, the differently abled, the widows and the destitute as these are the most vulnerable sections of the society and the State owns a moral responsibility towards them. Accordingly, an outlay of `3,597.06 crore (14.46%) has been kept for Social Justice & Empowerment. Women and children are the other vulnerable sections which also need the State care. An amount of `785.80 crore (3.15%) has been set apart for the Women and Child Development Programmes including Nutrition.

20.a) 785.80 crore (3.15%)

21. a)Sales Tax 22821.40 crore

22.a) Nov. 1st 1966

HAFED is the largest apex cooperative federation of Haryana State. It came into existence on Nov. 1st 1966 alongwith the formation of Haryana as a separate State. Since then it is playing a leading role in serving the farmers of Haryana as well as consumers in India and overseas. The main objectives of the Federation are:
➤ To make arrangement for procurement, marketing and processing of

agricultural produce and allied products.

 \succ To make arrangements for supply of agricultural inputs such as fertilizers, seeds and agro chemicals.

> To facilitate the working of the affiliated Co-operative Societies.

23. a)Gurgaon, Faridabad, Rohtak & Panchkula

24. a)at Pali, Faridabad

- 25. a)IMT Manesar
- 26. a)Telangana
- 27. a)Pinjore
- 28. a)**2013**
- 29a)295.20 crore.
- 30.a)Chandigarh
- 31. a)Narwana
- 32. a)10

33.a) 21 medals (6 gold, 2 silver and 13 bronze)

34. a)11(1 gold, 5 silver and 5 bronze)

35.a)Minister for Agriculture

36. a)100 hours work

The new berojgari bhatta scheme is announced monetary help will be provided to the unemployed people who are 21 to 35 age and looking for the job. Haryana government starts Berojgari Bhatta scheme on 1 Nov 2016 at its golden jubilee program.

There are two components in new Berojgari Bhatta Haryana. The Berojgari Bhatta will be distributed according the education qualification of the applicants. The government will provide amount of Rs. 900 for the 12th passed students, Rs. 1500 for graduates and 3000 for the post graduate students.

Earlier the Berojgari Bhatta was provided to the post graduate students only but now it will be provided to other applicants also. In old scheme the maximum family income limit was 50,000 Rupees, residential property and commercial finance should not more than Rs. 10 lac and 2 hectares of agriculture field needed but now the applicants have to fill only one requirement that is family income should not more than 3 lac Rupees from all source.

Government Provide Employment in Govt Sectors, Boards and Municipals

The government of Haryana will provide Rs. 6,000 for 100 hours work in the different sections directed by the government like boards, municipals and in Registered societies. There is also a proposal for the applicants that they can take the benefits from Haryana industrial and commercial department according to their requirement for private firms or industry.

37. a)70% disability

The state government of Haryana is providing disability pension which has contribution from state as well as form the central government scheme called as Indira Gandhi National Disability Pension. This is the educated handicapped pension scheme.

Under educated handicapped pension scheme, educated people with disabilities having not less than 70% disability and educational qualification of middle, metric and above level or diploma holder are provided un-employment allowance from the date of their registration in the employment exchanges for 6 years period.

Rate of Scholarship as per the Class

Here are the details of the scholarship provided under educated handicapped pension scheme.

- 1st to 5th class Rs. 400 per month
- 6^{th} to 9^{th} class Rs. 500/month
- 10th to 12th class Rs. 750/month
- Diploma holder Rs. 1000/month
- Graduate Rs. 1500/month
- Post graduate Rs. 2000/month

Apart from educated handicapped pension scheme, schemes like scholarship for these students, unemployment allowance to educated students, grant-in-aid to voluntary organizations engaged in welfare of physically challenged and financial assistance to non school going disabled students are being carried out by the state government.

38. a) Chandigarh

39. a)Crop Cluster Development Program

The state government of Haryana decides to launch a project namely Crop Cluster Development Program for the farmers of the Baagwani Villages. Agriculture and Farmers Welfare Minister OP Dhankar said that the state government of Haryana allotted Rs. 510 crore for Crop Cluster Development Program.

39. a)Gurugram

The state government will launch a Saksham portal of Saksham Shikshit Yuva Sammanit Hua yojana under which Rs 9000 will be given to the post graduates unemployed youth in lieu of 100 hours of work per month.

The main objective of this scheme is to provide the opportunities to the unemployed youths to make their future strong. 1100 beneficiaries are taking the benefit of Unemployment Allowance under this scheme with employment exchange across the state.

The state government has decided to invest Rs 324 crore for this scheme for the post graduates unemployed candidates of Haryana. To take the benefit of this scheme the candidate should be the permanent resident of Haryana and he should be post graduated from university of Delhi, Chandigarh or Haryana. In the state there are approximate 8 Lac literate candidates who have registered themselves under the various schemes run by the government.

Under this scheme there is the involvement of the private sectors and a web portal has been prepared which will be launched soon. To be register under this scheme the family income of the candidates should not exceed Rs 3 Lac per annum from all the sources of income and the candidate should not join any company.

40. a)10th class.

41. a)**150 km under this scheme.**

42.a) **22 January 2017.**

43. a)Jhajjar

44. a)**Rs 1,01,000,**

Mukhya Mantri Samajik Samrasta Antarjatiya Vivah Shagun Yojana has been launched by Scheduled Caste and Backward Class Welfare Department, Haryana Government to promote communal harmony and encouraging inter caste marriages.

An amount of Rs. 1,01,000 is provided as incentive to the married couple.

45.a) Palwal

46. c)Gurgaon

47. d)Panchkula

48. a)Dyalpur village of Kurukshetra district

49. a)July 1,2015

50. c)Gurgaon

51. a)Rs 251

52. a)679 grams/day

53. a) at Karnal (Haryana)

On the 1st day of April 1932, a sub-station of the Sugarcane Breeding Institute, Coimbatore (Tamil Nadu) was established at Karnal (Haryana) with funds provided by the then Imperial Council of Agricultural Research (now the Indian Council of Agricultural Research abbreviated as ICAR). Mr. G.V. James was the founder in-charge of this Centre.

54.a) **1966**

The Haryana State Federation of Cooperative Sugar Mills Ltd. was established in 1966 with the objectives to improve the performance of the Cooperative Sugar Mills and to establish new Cooperative Sugar Mills in the State of Haryana. At present 10 Coop. Sugar Mills are in operation in Haryana affiliated to Sugar Federation. An another Coop. Sugar Mills at Assandh (2500 TCD) is being operated by the HAFED.

55.a) **9 cities**

56. a)**2009**

9

Pradhan Mantri Adarsh Gram Yojana

The Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment has introduced the Pradhan Mantri Adarsh Gram Yojana during the year 2014-15 and released an amount of ` 1.20 crore for 12 villages of Palwal and Faridabad districts in the State. The main objective of the scheme is to ensure integrated development of the selected villages with more than 50 percent SC population into "Model Villages."

57. a)three villages

Vidhayak Adarsh Gram Yojana (VAGY) has been launched on the pattern of SAGY. Under this scheme, 55 MLAs of Haryana have identified the GPs. This scheme will be implemented in a time bound manner.

58. a)23 December, 1993

Member of Parliament Local Area Development Scheme

This scheme has been launched by Govt. of India from, 23 December, 1993. GoI provides an amount of `5 crore per annum to each Member of Parliament for the development works. Under this scheme, an amount of `20.85 crore has been spent and 315 works have been completed. Under this scheme, 358 works were in progress upto January, 2016.

59. a)2nd October, 2008

Under Mahatma Gandhi Gramin Basti Yojana, free residential plots of 100 sq. yard each are being allotted to eligible SCs, BCs (A) and BPL families.

60.Haryana Government launched Deen Dayal Hathkargha Protsahan Yojna on

a) 01 / 01 / 2007

This is a Central/State plan scheme implemented in a fifty fifty ratio, with an aim to provide support in product development infrastructure support, institutional

support, training to weavers, supply of equipments, and marketing support, etc., and integrated and coordinated for an overall development of the sector and benefit to handloom weavers, both within cooperative fold, as well as those outside to produce quality fabric, which is acceptable in the market.

Ministry/department :Industry Department

61. a)**2006**

The centrally sponsored Adolescent Girls scheme, renamed as Kishori Shakti Yojna was being implemented in 4 blocks, namely Nathusari Chopta, Baragudha, Odhan, and Rania, with the objective of improving the nutritional and health status of adolescent girls between 11-18 years of age, to train and equip them to improve home-based and vocational skills, to promote awareness of health hygiene, nutrition, home management, child care, and take all measures as to facilitate their marriage after attaining the age of 18 years and even later. This scheme is being implemented through Anganwadi Centres.

Ministry/department :Women and Child Development Department

62.d)Pinjore

63.d) Ambala

Ambala is known as city of scientific instruments. It is a major scientific products market and is a hub for products like glass apparatus, microscopes, laboratory equipment etc. Ambala contributes nearly 34% of the total production of scientific instruments produced in India.

64. a)10th
65.a) 4th
66. a)8th
67. a)2nd

68. a)**8**th

69.d) Yamunanagar

- 70.d)Ist
- 71.d)**3rd**
- 72. d)9th
- 73.d) 15th
- 74. d)15th
- 75.d) 15th
- 76. d)9th
- 77. d)7th

78.a) 11.8 (kg/person/annum)

79. a)76.1(kg/person/annum)

The total horticulture production was highest in case of West Bengal (292 lakh MT) followed by Andhra Pradesh (289.13 lakh MT).During 2012-13, the highest production of fruits of 139.39 lakh MT was recorded in Andhra Pradesh (17.1% share) followed by 97.85 lakh MT in Maharashtra (12%). Likewise, the highest production of vegetables (15.7%) was in West Bengal followed by 12.1% in Uttar Pradesh.

80. a)Haryana

- 81. d)Faridabad
- 82.d) None

83. a)Sirsa, Jind, Sonipat and Ambala.

84. a)107

85. a)**0.4%**

12

- 86. a)**2.8%**
- 87. a)**2.0%**
- 88.a)3.3% (loose)
- 89. a)**4.4%**
- 90.a) Panchkula, Rohtak, Gurgaon and Sirsa.
- 91. d)Murthal
- 92. a)Umri, Kurukshetra
- 93. d)Karnal
- 94. d)Karnal
- 95. d)Sirsa
- 96. c)Gurgaon
- 97. d)Sonepat
- 98. c)Village Gawal Pahari, Tehsil Sohna
- 99. c)Gurgaon
- 100.c) Gurgaon